

THE PERSONAL ANALOG COMPUTER

Instruments for Instruction and Training

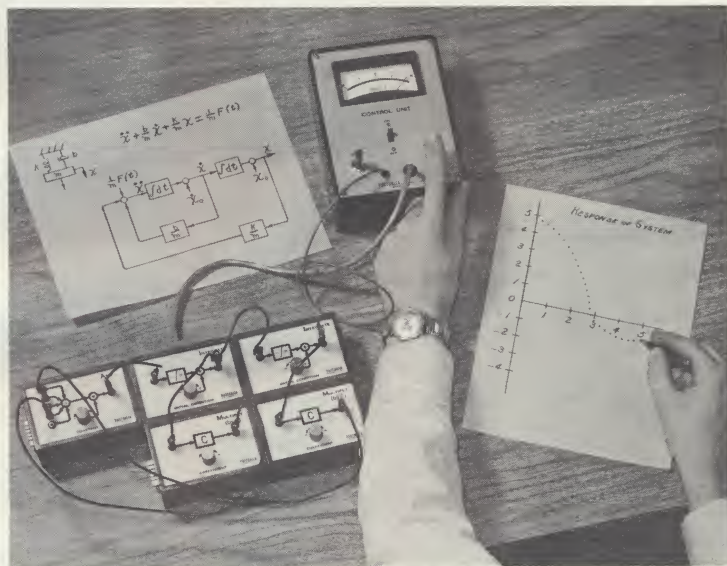
The concept of a Personal Analog Computer was proposed and specified at Case Institute of Technology by Professor James Reswick. Realizing that the use of analogue techniques greatly strengthened the students knowledge of physical systems, as well as their associated mathematics, he suggested the development of a "dormitory computer" specifically for student use. Each student would have his own portable unit, to use when and where he wanted to experiment. The use of the computer would require no special knowledge. The culmination of this proposal was the Personal Analog Computer.

What is the Personal Analog Computer

The Personal Analog Computer is an electronic demonstration system which utilizes individual miniature analog computer modules for visually representing and solving mathematical equations. Each of these modules performs one of the three basic mathematical operations, adding, multiplication by a constant, and integration.

By appropriately interconnecting these units and adjusting their parameters, a variety of complex physical systems may be simulated.

Behaviour of system variables can be monitored and plotted by the student.



Why was PAC Developed

The modular PAC (Personal Analog Computer) system was developed to provide students with a model intermediate between a dynamic physical system and the mathematical representation of that system.

After a student learns the physical features of a system, and the differential equations governing the system, he can interconnect PAC units to represent that system (or the equation). The Units will duplicate in real time the behaviour of the system variables.

PAC units provide the student with a personal experience associating physical behaviour with the solutions of a differential equation. They permit him to test his knowledge on a direct model personally at any time and in any place. This experimentation will reinforce both his physical and mathematical understanding.

Specifications

There are four PAC modules: ADDER, INTEGRATOR, COEFFICIENT MULTIPLIER, and the CONTROL UNIT.

Accuracy 1%

Panels Each module has a graphic panel face which indicates its mathematical operation. Panels are white and take crayon easily for marking purposes.

Interconnection Units are physically and electrically connected by four gold plated connectors. These carry power and control signals.

Variables Variables are interconnected by miniature banana patch cords.

Parameters Each unit has a front panel control to adjust its parameters.

Power Portable power is contained in the Control Unit.

Read Out Large center position precision meter, permits the measurement of any variable.

Figure 1; shows a typical physical system that a student might want to analyze, that of a spring and mass.

The parameters are the spring constant and the mass is assumed to be 1 for simplicity. The variables are x , displacement and f , force between the mass and the spring.

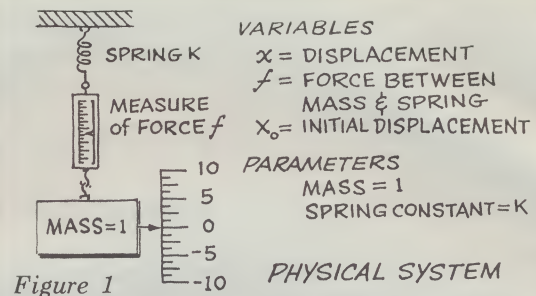


Figure 1

Figure 2; shows the differential equations that he would write showing the initial position of the mass displaced an amount X_0 .

Figure 2

$$-KX = \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} \quad \begin{matrix} t = 0 \\ x = X_0 \\ dx/dt = 0 \end{matrix}$$

DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION

Figure 3; shows the interconnection of PAC units. Each patch cord is a variable. Each box is a mathematical operation. The student sets the Coefficient Multiplier to the spring constant, the middle integrator to X_0 as an initial condition, and the first Integrator to zero, meaning that the initial velocity is zero.

Pushing the SET switch on the Control Unit sets up this initial situation. Pushing the HOLD switch down starts the problem running and the X variables will follow the sine wave shown in the graph. Pushing the HOLD switch up causes the problem to run in $1/4$ second intervals.

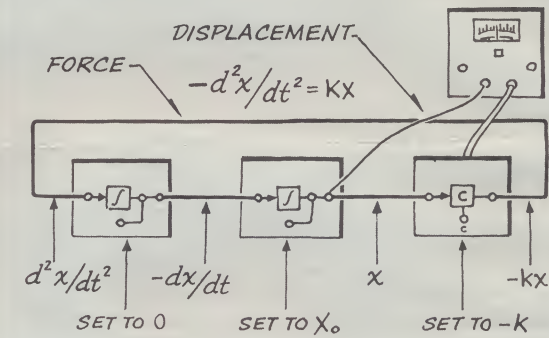
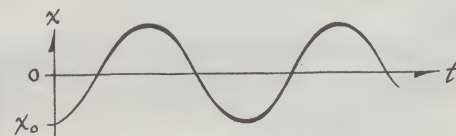


Figure 3

Figure 4; whenever the student puts the HOLD switch in the neutral position, the problem is frozen and reading and plotting of variables can take place. This then is the resulting graphic solution.

Figure 4

GRAPHIC SOLUTION



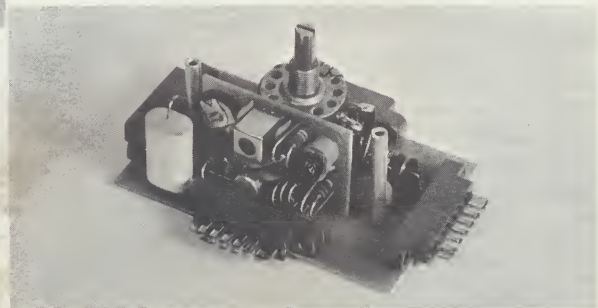
The Integrator Unit, a typical PAC element

The integrator Unit is shown in Figure 6 with-out cover to indicate the packaging and precision components. Note particularly:

- Precision Mylar condensor for integrating current
- Two high-speed sealed reed relays for control
- All printed-circuit transistorized construction
- Large, high resolution potentiometer
- Miniature transistorized operational amplifier

What does the PAC unit contain?

The PAC arithmetic units are highly engineered electronic circuits. Each unit contains an operational amplifier with an open loop gain of 1,000 and feedback components to perform the arithmetic operation. Every unit is pretested and calibrated to better than 1% accuracy.



The standard complement of PAC units consist of two Integrators, two Coefficient Multipliers, an Adder, and a Control Unit. Aside from the ordinary first and second order differential equations, PAC units are useful in demonstrating nonlinear differential equation solution, nonlinear circuits such as flipflops, multivibrators, waveform generators, and a number of interesting numerical experiments.

For further information or advice on applications, write or phone

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STANDARD SET

The most frequently used combination of PAC units permits solutions of the general second order differential equations. It consists of the following items:

- 1 Control Unit
- 1 Adder
- 2 Coefficient Multipliers
- 2 Integrators
- 1 Carrying Case

Assortment of Patch Cords,
Operating and Maintenance Instructions,
Application Literature, PAC Graph Paper

Price/Set	10 to 24 - - - - -	\$350.00
	2 to 9 - - - - -	\$370.00
	Single - - - - -	\$397.00

<u>INDIVIDUAL UNIT</u>	<u>Single Unit</u>	<u>2 to 9</u>	<u>10 to 24</u>
Control Unit	\$122.00	\$115.00	\$105.00
Adder	54.00	51.00	48.00
Coefficient Multiplier	54.00	51.00	48.00
Integrator	63.00	59.00	57.00

ACCESSORIES

Six-inch Patch Cord	.90	.85	.80
Twenty-inch Patch Cord	1.15	1.05	.95
PAC Graph Paper (Pad)	1.00	.85	.75

Price: f.o.b. Newton
Terms: Net 30 Days

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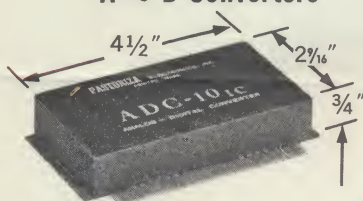




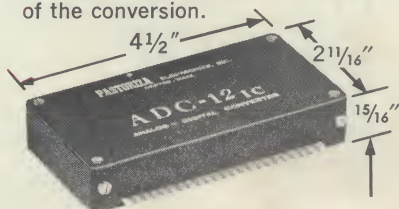
Modular Analog-Digital and Digital-Analog Converters and Power Supplies

Modular Integrated Circuit

A-to-D Converters

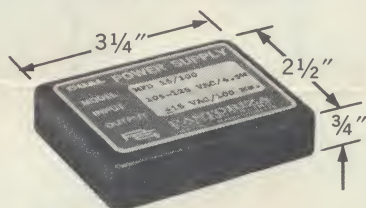


MODEL ADC-10_{ic} provides 10 bit binary parallel output in 10 micro-second conversion time . . . accepts a ten volt input range . . . contains a Clock, Reference Supply, Resistor Network and Comparison Amplifier . . . triggered by an external command signal and provides a "Status" output level to indicate completion of the conversion.



MODEL ADC-12_{ic} is a general purpose converter card which may be programmed to satisfy a wide range of specifications. For example, it will accept bipolar or unipolar input voltage ranges of varying amplitude and impedance requirements and will convert voltages into binary codes or various numbers of bits or into BCD code. This same basic card can therefore be supplied for a number of different system requirements without the usual expense and delays of "specials". MODEL ADC-12_{ic} utilizes TTL micrologic and is available in extended temperature ranges (-55°C to +100°C) for military applications.

Miniature Precision Dual Power Supplies



MODEL MPD 15/100 is designed for use with operational amplifiers, instruments and systems. It provides ± 15 VDC @ 100 Ma output from 110 VAC input, in a package only $3/4$ " high including the power transformer. MPD 15/100 represents the first significant step in power supply miniaturization. The systems designer can now take full advantage of the comparable reductions in his circuits brought about by hybrid techniques.

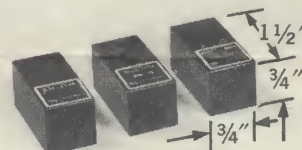
Specifications include: 0.02% regulation (no load to full load), 0.005% regulation against line, complete short circuit protection and ambients from -25°C to +65°C. There are pin connectors for socket or printed circuit board mounting.

MODEL MPD 5/150 is a miniature card mounting power supply specifically designed for micrologic systems and instruments. It provides 5 volts at 600 Mas to power conventional DTL and TTL logic as well as 150 volts for neon or nixie readout lights.

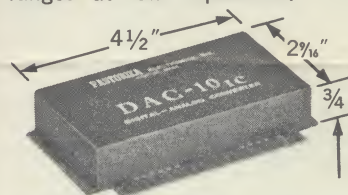
This compact unit contains the entire power supply including power transformer, filtering, regulators and adequate heat dissipating surface. Input power is 5.5 watts, 105 to 125 VAC and 50 to 450 Hz.

Modular Integrated Circuit

D-to-A Converters



D/A/D Series is a group of compatible integrated circuit modules for Digital-to-Analog and Analog-to-Digital Conversion Systems. MODEL RM-2734 is a Jam Transfer Storage Register for up to 12 bits. On strobe command it will accept and store numbers. MODEL RSN-2698 is a Switching Resistor Network and Reference Source. It can be switched by micrologic input levels and provides output binary weighted currents to a summing point. MODEL AM-2612 is a Combination of Two Operational Amplifiers with Feedback Networks for converting currents from RSN-2698 to output voltages. The use of operational amplifiers provides a variety of output ranges at low impedance.



MODEL DAC-10_{ic} shown above is one of the many configurations in which the D/A/D Series Modules can be combined. It accepts 10 bit strobed parallel binary input in 1 microsecond slew time.

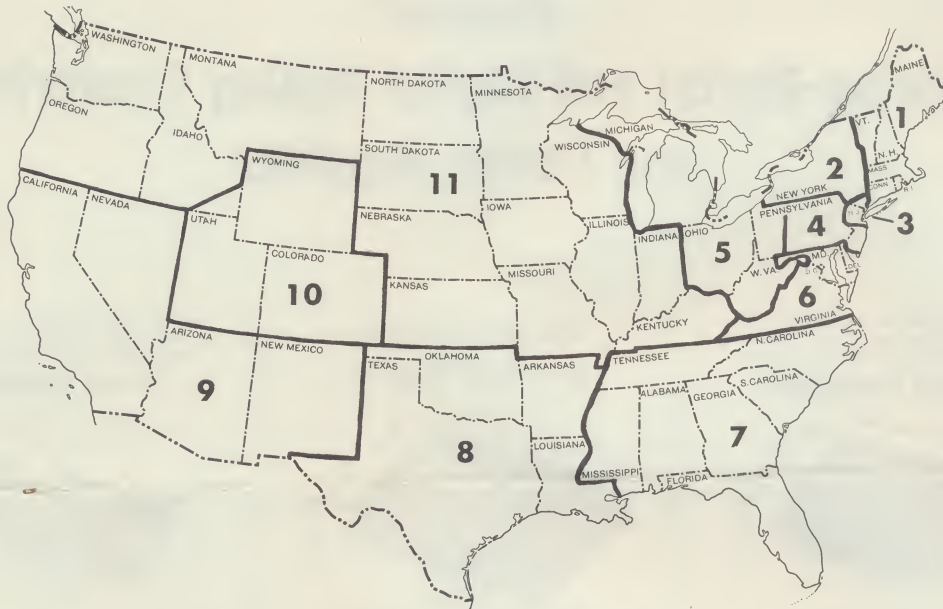
MODEL DAC-12_{ic} accepts 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 or 12 bit strobed parallel binary inputs.

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